THE PLAN SAID TO PROVIDE FOR THE LIMI-TATION OR ENTIRE STOPPAGE OF PELAGIC SEALING-LITTLE DOUBT THAT

RUSSIA AND JAPAN

Washington, Oct. 28.-It is said on trustworthy authority that the conference between Russia, Japan and the United States now proceeding here in reference to sealing in Behring important stage, and that a proposition has been reduced to writing which, if accepted, will bring about a complete change in the sealing question. The proposition is said to be acceptable to the United States. It is understood to be acceptable also to the Russian delegates, but in view of the restrictions placed on them by their credentials it has been thought desirable to cable to St. Petersburg for final in-

structions. The Japanese delegates are understood to have felt at first that the proposition would not be to their interest, but after fuller conference Mr. Fujita determined to cable the substance of the proposition to his Government, accompanying it with a recommendation that it be accepted. Little doubt is entertained that Russia will accept the proposition, and in view of Mr. Fujita's recommendation, it is believed that Japan will alse join in it.

TO STOP PELAGIC SEALING.

The greatest secrecy is preserved in official circles as to the nature of the proposition, and it is not officially admitted that any proposition has been made. From equally trustworthy sources it is understood that the proposition has a far-reaching scope and provides for the material limitation or entire suspension of pelagic sealing or sealing on the high seas Such a decisive step, if agreed to by Russia Japan and the United States, would, it is understood, not involve any concerted move to menace the claims of Great Britain and Canada to the right of pelagic sealing on the high seas, but would rather be a proposition expressing the conclusions of the three Powers most in terested that, in the interests of humanity and the preservation of the seal herds of their respective Governments, all nations, including Great Britain and her colony, Canada, should unite with Russia, the United States and Japan in such effective prevention of pelagic sealing on the high seas as will put an end to it, and thereby secure the preservation of the seals. PROCEEDINGS IN THE CONFERENCE.

The deliberations of the conferrees leading up to the proposition were productive of numerous interesting and important features. All the delegates were under a pledge of secrecy, and they have maintained this with the greatest It became evident at the outset that the United States and Russia were prepared to go further than Japan. At all times there was the most cordial sentiment among the conferound of understanding.

In the case of Russia, it developed that her

could be done, as the modus vivendi was not a continuing agreement, but was from year to year, depending for its existence on annual readoption by the British Parliament. The last act of Parliament carried the modus vivendi up to December 31 next. It was clearly the de est possible protection for her fur seals, and this established throughout the deliberations close co-operation between the United States and Russia.

terests were for further restrictions on pelagic terests were for further restrictions on pelagic sealing. On the contrary, one of the Japanese delegates made it clear that Japan had more interest in catching seals than in preserving them. It also appeared that Japan no longer had any fur seals, although her possessions of sea otters, an animal like the seals, were considerable. When Japan's attitude was thus defined, the general feeling within the conference was that the United States and Russla were united in the yiew of protecting the seals were united in the view of protecting the seals by energetic measures, while Great Britain and Japan occupied substantially the opposite po-

JAPANESE DELEGATES WON OVER

Owing to Japan's view of the subject, the opinion of the seal experts was laid before the Japanese delegates. This opinion was to the effect that while Japan's seal possessions were little or nothing at the present time, yet by little or nothing at the present time, yet by adequate protection her decimated rookeries would be restored and a large seal property built up. In the view of the experts, Japan's present interest in killing the seals would be more than offset in time by the interests she would acquire by full protection of them. This expert view appears to have been convincing to the Japanese delegates, for, as already stated, Mr. Fujita not only cabled the final proposition to Japan, but accompanied it with his favorable recommendation. The conferrees being thus agreed, it only remained to hear being thus agreed, it only remained to hear from the governments they represented. An adjournment was accordingly taken until next Monday, by which time it is believed that the governments at St. Petersburg and Tokio will have taken final action on the proposition.

TO REGARD THE RIGHTS OF ENGLAND. dence of a desire to make an issue with Great Britain, or to take any action offensive in character or likely summarily to abridge her rights. It was recognized by the conferrees that as the high seas were governed by well-established taken in limiting pelagic scaling without endeavoring to secure the co-operation of all the countries concerned, particularly Great Britain, Instead, therefore, of the proposition taking the form of a decisive movement by the three Governments in opposition to Great Britain, it was framed on the theory that the three Powers had an actual interest in the scals which were bred on their islands, and that all other Governments should aid in the protection of this property, even when it was found on the high sees.

It was felt that when the Powers owning the It was felt that when the Powers owning the seals reached such an agreement in regard to protecting their property. Great Britain would be likely to co-operate in this purpose, if she could induce Canada, where the sealing feets are equipped, to accept it. The proposition, therefore, does not exclude consideration of England or invite an issue with her, but, on the contrary, seeks to have her join hands with all the Powers interested in a common defence against the indiscriminate slaughter of the seals.

For this reason the presence of Mr. Macoun. the Canadian delegate, was thought to be ex-tremely desirable, and much surprise was oc-casioned by his failure to attend. The British expert, Professor D'Arcy Thompson, has been here several days, but nothing has been heard from Mr. Macoun or from the Canadian authorities. Neither the British nor the Canadian expert intended to enter the conference in which Russia and Japan took part, but their presence here has been relied on to secure a fuller understanding.

A. W. PETERS SPRAINS HIS ANKLE. Augustus W. Peters, chairman of the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange, who is the Tammany candidate for President of the Borough of Manhattan, sprained his ankle on Saturday evening last, and is unable to leave his home. No. 253 East Eighty-sixth-st. The accident was due to his stepping on a stone on which his foot turned.

FORTY-SECOND-ST.

Once again up bobs the old, often discussed and as often abandoned proposition of a permanent circus for New-York. This time it is John B. Doris who talks about it, and, as he purposes to carry out his scheme in a building already standing, instead of erecting a new one in the air, it may be that this time the experiment will be tried. Mr. Doris announces that he has leased the building in West Forty-second-st., off Broadway, recently known as the Arena Athletic Club, and, after extensive alterations, will open it as Doris's Winter

Circus about November 29, Mr. Doris is now engaged in securing riders. clowns, gymnasts, trapeze performers and so on. He proposes, from week to week, to diversify his programmes as much as possible, and about the holidays to present picturesque pantomimes and equestrian dramas. A performance will be given ever afternoon as well as evening.

Mr. Doris said yesterday: "I always contended

Mr. Doris saud yesterday: "I always contended that New-York would support generously a permarent circus. It is a style of entertainment that has a perennial charm and interest for a great part of the population. It is surprising to me that the venture has not been made before. The enormous business done yearly by the Baraum-Bailey Show in the Madison Square Garden proves that the old love for the sawdust entertainment still exists. At all events, I am going to try it."

These arguments of Mr. Doris have a reasonable sound, and it may be that all will turn out as he hopes. But James A. Bailey, the presem proprietor of Barnum & Bailey's, is not a man to overlook any such possibility as a permanent circus in New-York, if that possibility existed. He and his able houtenant, R. F. Hamilton have long been of the opinion that such an enterprise would not be successful. They have found by experiment and experience that their own mighty show prospers well at the Madison Square Garden for three weeks each year, but not so well for four or five weeks. They argue that N. W-York cannot support a show so expensive as theirs for a long period and that New-Yorkers have seen so much of their show that they will not support a less expensive one for any period. argue that seems as the seems of their show that New-Yorkers have seen so much of their show that they will not support a less expensive one for any period at all. It will be interesting to see whether Mr. Doris is forced to the same conclusion or not.

LORD DUNRAVEN'S DAUGHTER MARRIED.

LADY RACHEL CHARLOTTE WYNDHAM-QUIN WEDS FITZGERALD, THE KNIGHT OF GLYN.

Dublin, Oct. 28.-Fitzgerald, the Knight of Glyn was married this afternoon at Adare Church, Adare, County Limerick, to Lady Rachel Charlotte Wyndham-Quin, chiest daughter of the Earl of Dunraven. His Lordship gave the bride away. There were six bridesmaids-Lady Alleen May, sis-ter of the bride, Lady Helen Kerr, Lady Beatrice Hare and the Misses Blennerhassett, Montague and Strutt. The bride wore white satin, Brussels lace and orange blossoms. After the ceremony the Countess of Dunraven held a reception at Adare

Countess of Dunraven held a reception at Adare
Manor.

The full name of the bridegroom is Desmond
Fitzjohn Fitzgerald, Knight of Glin (also spelled
Glyn), of Glin Fastle, County Limerick. An ancestor of Mr. Fitzgerald created his three sons
by his second marriage hereditary knights, the
closest being created the White Knight, the second son being created the Knight of Glin and the
third being created the Knight of Glin and the
third being created the Knight of Glin and the
third being created the Knight of Glin and the
third being created the Knight of Glin and the
third being created the Knight of Glin and the
third being created the Knight of Glin and the
third being created the Knight of Glin and the
third being created the Knight of the family,
John Fitz Thomas Fitz-Gerald, Lord of Decles and
Desmond, and he conferred the titles by virtue of
his royal seigniory as a Count Palatine, the title
to revert to the descendants of these sons. Sir
Maurice Fitz-Gerald is the present Knight of
Kerry.

NEW HOME FOR NEW-YORK YACHT CLUB.

A COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO SELECT A NEW

CLUBHOUSE AT A GENERAL MEETING. The fifth general meeting of the New-York Yacht Club was held last night at the clubhouse. No. 67 Madison-ave.. Vice-Commodore Lewis Cass Led-yard presiding in the absence of Commodore Mor-A resolution to appoint a committee to draft suitable resolutions of regret for the death of Og-

action was controlled to some extent by a modus vivendi made between Great Britain and Russia about the time the Paris Court of Arbitration was in session, and covering the course of these two countries concerning the fur seals on Russian islands and surrounding waters. Little had been known of this modus until the conference met. Under it a zone of neutral water is established thirty miles wide, surrounding the Russian islands, within which Great Britain agreed to suspend pelagic sealing.

RUSSIA ACTING WITH THIS COUNTRY.

While this was of material advantage to Russia, yet it was felt that any proposition for the entire suspension of pelagic sealing even beyond thirty miles would have to be reconciled with the modus vivendi. It was thought that this country is a suitable resolutions of regret for the death of Ogden Goelet was introduced by the presiding officer, and ex-Commodore S. Nicholson Kane and Captains Lioyd Phoenix and George L. Rives were appointed as the committee of five, in which be appointed at the purpose of selecting a new clubhouse in this city and financing the same, to report at a future meeting. This was also carried. Reports were received from the Regata Committee appointed has spring to select a suitable committee appointed as the committee of five, in which be included the vice-commodore, secretary and treasurer, for the purpose of selecting a new clubhouse in this city and financing the same, to report at a future meeting. This was also carried. Reports were received from the Regata Committee appointed as the committee of five, in which be suitable committee of five, in which be appointed as the committee of five, in which be accommittee of five, in which be suitable committee of five, in which be a stream of the purpose of selecting a new clubhouse in this city and financing the same, to report at a fourth for the purpose of selecting and the following candidates were elected members of the cub. John M. Crouse, Henry E. Biscoe, U.S. N. S. H. Gardyne Stewart, Charles J. Clarke, Roderick

COLONEL GEORGE BLISS'S WILL.

WITH DIRECTIONS TO CONTINUE HIS

CHARITABLE DONATIONS. September at Wakefield, R. I. was filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogate's office. The value of yesterday in the Surrogate's office. The value of the real estate left by him is placed at \$700,000 in the papers, while the value of the personal property is said to be unknown at present.

Colonel Bliss leaves \$5.000 to Grace Dwight Dowley some law books to Frances Dwight Dowley, and \$5.000 to Dr. Charles E. Quimby. To George Bliss, his son, he leaves his gold watch and chaln, his diamond cuff buttons and studs, his St. George medal, and the cross and ribbon of the Order of St. Gregory the Great. To his daughter, Ruth Alice Bliss, Colonel Bliss leaves his sapphire and diamond pin and his mother's miniature.

To several servants small bequests are left. The residue of the estate is bequeathed to Mrs. Bliss, with this proviso. "I rely upon her to continue the donations for charitable purposes which I have been in the habit of making, not prescribing the particular charities I have heretofore been interested in, and not making obligatory any donation whatever."

NO CONTEST OF THE PULLMAN WILL. Chicago, Oct. 28.-There is to be no contest

of the Pullman will, so both of the sons of the dead mon declared to-day.

George M. Pullman said: "The idea of wishing to

George M. Pullman said: The idea of wishing to contest my father's will has never entered my head nor my brother's head either. No steps have been taken, and none will be taken, to break the will. My relations with the Pullman Palace Car Company and with my family are most cordial. I am in the company in the capacity of an assistant district superintendent, and expect to remain with the company.

district superintendent, and expect to remain with
the company."

Referring to the gossip that coupled his name
with that of Miss Felicite Oxiesby, in the character of a rejected suiter. Mr. Pullman said:
"Our reintions are exactly the same as they
have always been. So far as my brother Sanger's
engagement is concerned, that is an affair that
cencerns him. I do not choose to interfere in his
business."

Friends of Miss Lynne Fernald say the engagement between that young woman and Sanger Pullman has been broken off.

NOTES OF THE STAGE.

It has now been decided to place the new operetta, "1989," on the stage of the Casino on November 15. "The Belle of New-York" will thus have two weeks after this for its run.

Next week will be the last of the engag of Mile. Paola dei Monte and Mile. Cleo de Mérode at Koster & Bial's.

Felix Morris will appear at Proctor's Theatre, Twenty-third-st., for the week of November 8, in "The Rose," in which he played at Daly's Theatre with Miss Rosina Vokes, and also when it was revived last year at the Lyceum.

MR. PULLMAN AND THE COLORED RACE. Kankakee, Ill., Oct. 28.-"George M. Pullman was the greatest friend the colored men have ever had except Abraham Lincoln. We owe him a debt of

Henry Foust, secretary of the Kankakee Colored Literary Society, spoke the above words in an address delivered before the organization last night.

Mr. Pullman, he went on to say, had furnished employment to thousands of negroes as porters on his rolling palaces. He had the courage to make no distinction as to the color of passengers on the Pullman cars, if they were clean and respectable.

THE DUCHESS OF TECK'S FUNERAL. Rienmond, England, Oct. 28.—The funeral of the Duchess of Teck, cousin of Queen Victoria, sister of the Duke of Cambridge and mother-in-law of the Duke of York, who died at the White Lodge here yesterday morning, will take place on Wednesday next. Richmond, England, Oct. 28,-The funeral of the

Washington, Oct. 28.-In consequence of the death of the Duchess of Teck, the British Embassy in Washington will abstain from official festivities and entertainments for a month.

A DINNER FOR DR. NANSEN.

Captain Daniel L. Brainard, U. S. A., entertained a small party of friends at dinner in the Savoy last night. Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, the Norwegian ex-plorer, was the guest of honor. Others present plorer, was the guest of honor. Others present
were Mr. and Mrs. Morris and Colonel Pardee,
U. S. A. The dinner was entirely informal. At its
close Dr. Nansen and the other members of the
party enjoyed a ride about town in motor carriages,
Dr. Nansen will be entertained to-night in Philadelphia by the American Philosophical Society,
He starts at 3.30 o'clock this afternoon for Philadelphia.

SECRATED IN NEW-HAVEN.

New-Haven, Conn., Oct. 28.-The Rev. Dr. Chauncey Bunce Brewster, for twelve years rector of Grace Church, Brooklyn, was consecrated Bishop-Coadjutor of the Connecticut Diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church this morning. The beautifully impressive service, to which added solemnity and dignity were lent by the presence of many bishops and prominent clergymen, began at 19:30, when the choir burst forth in the processional, "We March, We March to Victory." opened, and the long clerical procession, led by the the aisle. First came the consecrating bishops, the | the shape of the following letter, addressed to Right Rev. A. N. Littlejohn, of Long Island; the Right Rev. W. C. Doane, of Albany, and the Right

began. Presiding Bishop Potter occupied the high seat near the Holy Table, and Bishops Doane and whitaker, leaving the altar, proceeded to the body of the church and escorted Dr. Brewster to the altar rail, where he was presented to the presiding bishop. Hishop Potter caused to be read before the assemblage the official announcement of the proceedings of the Diocesan Convention declaring Dr. Brewster's election. The Rev. Dr. Storrs O. Seymour, in his capacity as chairman of the Standing Committee of the Diocese, read the acquiescence of all the dioceses in the country to the election.

tion.

the litary service was followed by the prescribed mination of the coadjutor-elect in the articles The litany service was followed by the prescribed examination of the coadjutor-elect in the articles of the Church Dr. Brewster then put on the Episcopal habit, and the consecrators, laying upon the head of the kneeling coadjutor-elect their hands, the presiding hishop pronounced the words of consecration, and Dr. Brewster became a member of the House of American Hishops. The communion service was at an end.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon a public reception was tendered to the new Bishop at the parish-house of Trinity Church. The Rev. Dr. Seymour, president of the Standing Committee of the Diocese, delivered an address of welcome to the new Bishop on behalf of the diocese. Bishop Brewster responded briefly and in an informal manner.

ASKED TO BOYCOTT PRINCETON.

THE LICENSE MATTER BEFORE THE MISSOURI PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

St. Louis, Oct 28.-At to-day's session of the Missouri Presbyterian Synod a resolution was intro-duced calling for the boycotting of Princeton Uni-versity because three members of the Board of Trustees of that college had signed a petition for a saloon license. This aroused much hitterness and occupied the attention of the Synod for some time, until the matter was finally ruled out of order by

ROBERT GOELET'S NEW YACHT.

THE NAHMA ARRIVES AT NEWPORT ON HER MAIDEN VOYAGE.

Newport, R. I. Oct. 28 -Robert Goelet's new steam yacht, the Nahma, Captain W. E. Churchill, arrived here this afternoon from Clyde, Scotland, on her maiden trip. The yacht left Gourock on Monday, O. mailen trip. The yacht left Goureck on Monday, October 18, and made the passage in ten days. Captain
Churchill says he encountered nasty weather and
head seas, but the vessel behaved splendidy and
stood the shaking up well. All on heard are well.
The yacht will half from Newport.
The vessel was entered under the old tariff and
pays no duty. Her lines are identical with those
of the Mayflower, built for Ogden Goelet.

MRS. ISELIN'S CONDITION THE SAME.

The condition of Mrs. Adrian Iselin, sr., it was reported last night at her home in Davenport Neck. New-Rochelle, is practically unchanged. She is extremely low, and few hopes are entertained for her recovery.

THE MAYORALTY SITUATION.

NO OUESTION OF LOWIS ABILITY. From The Minneapolis Times. There can be no question as to Mr. Low's ability, for he amply demonstrated the possession of good executive talent when Mayor of Brooklyn.

From The Catholic Union and Times.

brave enough to cross its course. The one has our State Legislature by the throat, makes and unmakes our laws with his czar-like host. Through him and by him flow the streams of cortuption that are poured by the great corporations. The other seeks to perpetuate his personal dominion over the great metropolis, from whose heart and arteries he has plucked the prodigious plunder that has enabled the once burly prize-lighter to hobnob with the Prince of Wales and play king on the English racecourse. Down with both to the depths of oblivion: Their methods and influence are dragging the flower of the Commonwealth into the slough of political rottenness. They are at ulser on the body politic that exhales an intolerable stench. The American people who cherish their free institutions should rise above party and sweep away forever the twin harples—Platt and Croker.

THE OBSTINACY OF PLATT. From The Colorado Telegraph.

From The Colorado Telegraph.

If it had not been for the obstituccy and cupidity of "Tom" Platt in his efforts to retain his hold upon the Republican machine and to secure what profits come with such a position, there would be no doubt of the election of Seth Low. Low stands for good government, Platt stands for government by the machine and Van Wyck stands for Tammany government, and everybody knows what that means. Henry George's candidacy, while seeming at first to present an important factor in the election, is now not seriously considered, except as it may affect the vote of one or the other of the leading candidates.

A GOOD ENOUGH INDORSEMENT.

From The Syracuse Post.

Last April, when Governor Black gave a hearing on the Greater New-York charter, General Tracy was one of the delegation from New-York that spoke in favor of the charter. After quoting Mr. Low in support of the charter. General Tracy said: "Seth Low is the greatest authority on the administration of municipal affairs in the United States." What better indorsement could a candidate for Mayor have than that? Certaining General Tracy is a competent witness, and his testimony ought to carry great weight. What do the people of a municipality want in a candidate for Mayor? A politician? No. A mere orator? No. A great and learned scientist? No. A man of large literary qualifications? No. A man who simply knows how to make money? No. A man who has studied the problems of municipal government and learned how to administer its affairs wisely? Yes That is the man the people want. General Tracy says that Seth Low? From The Syracuse Post.

From The New-Orleans Picayunne. From The New-Orleans Pleayunne.

Mr. Low is a man of the highest character, of great executive ability, and as a former Mayor of Brooklyn gave a fine example of his principles and devotion to the public interests. Low is supported by all the patriotic and public-spirited citizens, and he is opposed by machine and ring politicians of every class and school. It is very difficult to get the best elements of the population to the polls, but when they can be aroused to the importance of action for the public good, they are always powerful enough to sweep the politicians from place. The Citizens Union of New-York do their duty.

From The Chicago Times-Herald.

From The Chicago Times-Heraid.

The campaign in New-York has reached that crists where Republicans are asking themselves who stands the better show of beating Croker—Low or Tracy? That the drift is now toward Low is significant. Republicans do not want to throw away their votes. The Republican break to Low is certain to gather force and volume from now on If it finally develops into a stampede for the Citizens candidate he will be elected Mayor of Greater New-York and will have achieved the greatest victory against machine politics and party bossism ever recorded in this country.

LOW'S FITNESS FOR MAYOR.

From The Cleveland Plain Dealer.

From The Cleveland Plain Dealer.

If Seth Low can be elected it will be the greatest step upward in the political history of the century. Seth Low should be loved for the enemies he has made. He is cordially hated by all machine politicians, whether Democratic or Republican, simply because he is opposed to machine politics and stands for good government and for the honest business management of the affairs of cities as corporations. Personally there is not the slightest objection to him-educated, stanch in his manhood, successful as a business man and scholar, straight and honorable, he is in every way fitted to be the first Mayor of that great city. The registration in the better districts the last day shows plainly that the chances are greatly in favor of Mr. Low, and hence the increased activity, opposition and hatred that have been engendered by the machine politicians.

THE ISSUES NATIONAL.

JOHN B. DORIS MEANS TO HAVE ONE IN DR. CHAUNCEY BUNCE BREWSTER CON- SECRETARY SHERMAN ON THE CAM-PAIGN IN OHIO.

WHY PRESIDENT M'KINLEY'S ADMINISTRATION SHOULD BE SUSTAINED WHAT THE RE-

DONE FOR THE COUNTRY. Washington, Oct. 28 .- For the first time since the beginning of the present campaign in Ohio hoir and headed by the marshal, started down | Secretary Sherman has published his views in the Editor of the Cincinnati "Volksblatt":

AND SOUND MONEY HAS

Right Rev. A. N. Littlejohn, of Long Island; the Right Rev. W. C. Doane, of Albany, and the Right Rev. Henry C. Potter, of New-York. The other bishops followed—Bishop Whitaker of Pennsylvania, Bishop Lawrence of Massachusetts and Bishop Lawrence of Massachusetts and Bishop Lawrence of Massachusetts and the clergy, to the number of 152. They were followed by a delegation of twenty-five from the Berkeley Divinity School, of Middletown. The bishops and the clergy wore all the vestments of their offices, and the students were clothed in academic gowns.

The processional ended, the official declaration of Bishop Williams, announcing the election by the Diocesan Convention of Dr. Brewster as the coadjutor, was read from the chancel, Dr. Brewster meanwhile taking a seat directly under the chancel, Bishop Potter had been chosen as presiding bishop, and he began the impressive communion service, which, with the Nicene Creed, was carried out by the choir as a choral service. Bishop Faret delivered the consecration sermon.

At this point the formal service of consecration began. Presiding Bishop Potter occupied the high seat near the Holy Table, and Bishops Doane and Whitaker, leaving the altar, proceeded to the body

Kinley. From the time I entered Congress in 1855 to this hour I have at every election heard both in and out of Congress of the respective merits in and out of Congress of the respective merits of a revenue tariff and a protective tariff, and upon these questions the two great parties have taken opposite sides. The Morrill tariff, passed in March, 1881, is the text of the polley of protection to our American industries, and, though greatly changed from time to time to meet new conditions, it still forms the groundwork of the polley of the Republican party in respect to the tariff.

This act was passed at a period of development, with light taxes and increasing population. The average yearly expenses of the National Government from 1840 to 1860, including the expenses of the Mexican War, were about 180,00,00. The Civil War changed all this. Its cost has been stated as

ment from 1840 to 1850, inclinding the expenses of the Mexican War, were about \$150,000,000. The Chyil War changed all this, its cost has been stated as over \$5,000,000,000. To meet this enormous demand the duries on imported goods were greatly increased and internal taxes in almost every form were levied on domestic products and upon the income of individuals and corporations. The ascertained National debt at the close of the war was \$2,30,000,000, but this was greatly enlarged by claims afterward presented, and by the most liberal pensions ever provided by law. In the face of these obligations the expenditures, the interest on the deat, and every year from 1865 to 1893 a portion of the principal of the public debt, were paid, thus reducing it to \$51.-631.766 on July 1, 1892.

In 1899 Congress passed what is known as the McKindey Tariff act, which was a careful revision of all existing revenue laws. It largely reduced internal taxes and carefully tevised the tariff laws then in force. If it had remained on the statute book to this time, the policy of protection and debt-paying would have largely reduced the public debt and prevented the severe stringency that followed its repeal.

It is the declared purpose of the Renublican party to restore and maintain the policy embodied in the McKindey Tariff set, and the recent tariff act known as the Di gley fariff. It is unfortune's that the beneficial provisions of the latter act cannot be in full operation for a year or more, owing to the excessive importations under the Wilson-Gorman act, but I confidently believe that within a year, under the present law, the revenue of the Government will be ample to pay not only current expenditures, but a large sum yearly in reduction of the public debt. To secure this desirable result the Republican party must be sustained, not only in Ohio, but in the United States.

FREE SHAER MEANS REPUBLATION. Another question of public policy of equal in portance to the tariff is what is known as the frecoinage of silver without regard to its market value or the action of the great commercial nations has changed from time to time. The coinage ratio of the dollar is one ounce of gold as the equivalent of sixteen ounces of silver. In the coinage of parts of dollars the ratio of silver to gold is about four-teen ounces of silver to one of gold, but the least tender of such minor coins is limited to \$3. Within the last twenty years the market price of silver builton has been reduced more than one-half, so that one ounce of gold is now equal in value to thirty nine ounces of silver. Notwithstanding this wide diversity of the market value of the two money metals, the United States and all the leading commercial nations of the world have maintained their silver coins without change. This was done and could only it done by limiting the use of

are eiths air the productions of skill known as manufactures air the productions of skill known as manufactures air the productions of skill known as manufactures as the result of the sent decline in relative value as the result of the resent development of induces in severa suit of the resent development of induces in severa state of the smallest space, and being less affected by continue to be the standard of value in the first one of the world. Silver will be largely used in all countries for minor comes, and if limite in amount and redeemed at its coinage value made a legal-tender for limited sums it will be largely absorbed for minor transactions, but it make it the sole coin in circulation, prevent that will largely control the vote of Ohio next that will largely control the vote of Ohio next PRESIDENT MKINLEY'S RECORD.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY'S RECORD.

of Ohlo should hear in mind that one of the most eminent citizens of the State is now President of the United States. He is especially entitled to your eminent citizens of the State is now President of
the United States. He is especially entitled to your
kind and considerate favor, and deserves praise for
the careful selection and appointment of officers of
the United States. There has been no abrupt haste
in making changes, and while from the nature of
things he could not appoint all who applied for
offices, yet the changes he had to make met with
and deserved the approval of the Republican party.
It is impossible for any executive officer charged
with the duty of appointment to meer the wishes
of all. Many must be disappointed, but they will
all concede that they have had a fair hearing, for
no President would have given applicants more
kindly and patient attention, nor could any President have felt more keenly his inability to comply
with the wishes of his friends.

As to the issues of the future, I can say with
absolute confidence that in the future as in the
past the mode of levying duties on imported goods
and the free coinage of silver will be the dividing
lines of the two great parties. It may be that the
benefits of protection will be so apparent that the
South, now already becoming a manufacturing
community, and the West, filled with mineral resources of united value, may be converted to the
policy of protecting their nascent industries by
tariff laws. And it may be that the manufacturing
industries of the East may become so strong as
to oppose duttes on raw materials, thus reversing
their positions. This would be a change of position in the sections, but the issue would remain.

BUSHNELL AND HANNA PRAISED.

BUSHNELL AND HANNA PRAISED. As for the ticket that is presented by the Reput lican party, there ought to be no division of opinion among Republicans. Governor Bushnell has proved to be an able and excellent officer, has per-

ion among Republicans. Governor passinch as perproved to be an able and excellent efficer, has performed his duties to the entire satisfaction of the 
people, has been honest and faithful, and deserves 
your hearty support.

The election of a Legislature in Ohio is always 
important. Its action more directly affects the 
people of Ohio than even the action of Congress. 
The election of a Senator of the United States is 
involved in the election of a Legislature. The only 
Republican candidate who is mentioned is Mark A. 
Hanna, who is now serving out the remainder of 
the term to which I had the honor to be elected. 
His wide experience as a business man, his generous and kindly treatment of his employes, his 
sound judgment on all public questions of the day, 
ought to secure for him the hearty support of 
every Republican member of the Legislature. I 
will on Tuesday next, Providence permitting, go 
to Mansfield and contribute my vote, not only for 
his election, but for the election of the entire Republican ticket. Very respectfully yours.

EX-MAYOR EDSON CONVALENCING. Ex-Mayor Franklin Edson, who has been confined at his home for two weeks by a mid form of ty-phold fever, is convalencing. A member of his fam-ily stated yesterday that his doctor expected him to be well enough to be out in another week.

HARVARD'S SUCCESSFUL DEBATERS. Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 28.—The result of the trial

debate at Harvard College last night to decide upon the speakers who will meet Yale in the debate on the question of Hawalian annexation at New-Haven in November 3, was announced this morning. The successful debaters were P. Grilk, '98, and J. A. Keith and W. Morse, '00, P. G. Carleton was selected as alternate.

Tribune Office, Oct. 29, 1 a. m.—Ins weather yesterday was clear and warm. The temperature ranged between 57 and 64 degrees, the average (60% degrees) being 4 degrees higher than on the corresponding day last year. On the corresponding day last year. On the corresponding day last year. Othersally fair weather may be expected to-day, though light showers may be looked for in the morning. Harvard College last night

OBITUARY.

DR. ALEXANDER MILTON ROSS. Detroit, Mich., Oct. 28.-Dr. Alexander Milton

Ontario, December 13, 1832. He went to school at Belleville till his eleventh year, when the death of his father compelled his removal. He evinced a strong liking for natural history at an early age. In his boyhood he came to New-York, and after struggling with many adversities became a com-positor on "The Evening Post." William Cullen Bryant, thea its editor, became interested in him, and remained his friend. At this period he also became acquainted with Garibaldi, then living in ing a pension for him from the Italian Govern-ment. In 1851 he began to study medicine under Dr. Valentine Mott, of New-York, and after four years of unremitting toil, working as a compositor during the cay and studying at night, he received his degree in 1855.

during the eny and studying at night, he received his degree in 1825.

Soon after his graduation Dr. Ross became surgeon or the forces in Nicaragua under Walker. In 1855 he became actively engaged in the anti-slavery struggle in the United States, and was a friend of John Browr. In the Civil War he served for a time as a urgeon in the Union Army, and was then appointed by President Lincoln confidential correspondent of the United States Government in Canada, where he did valuable service. At the close of the war he was appointed a surgeon in the Mexican Army. After the overthrow of Maximilian he returned to Canada and began work in natural history there undertaking the classification of the fauna and flora of that country, which had never been done before by a native. His collections were very large. He became a member of the Quebec and Ontario colleges of physicians and surgeons, and was one of the founders of the Society for the Diffusion of Physiological Knowledge. He was appointed Treasurer and Commissioner of Agriculture for the Province of Ontario. He was knighted by the Emperor of Russia and by the King of Portugal in 1877. He was decorated by the French Academy and by the French Government in 1879. He was a member of sand was the author of several books, including 'Recollections of an Abolitionist,' 1867, 'Birds of Canada,' 1872, 'Burterfiles and Moths of Canada,' 1873, 'Theres and Fresh-Water Fishes of Canada,' 1873, 'Mammais, Reptiles and Fresh-Water Fishes of Canada,' 1873, 'Ammmais, Reptiles and Fresh-Water Fishes of Canada,' 1873, 'Mammais, Reptiles and Fresh-Water Fishes of Canada,' 1873, 'Ammmais, Re

JUDGE HIRAM C. TRUESDALE.

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 28 (Special).—Hiram C. Truesdale, Chief Justice of Arizona and Judge of the Third Territorial District, died this afternoon of inflammation of the brain and typhoid fever. His filness had lasted three weeks. Ten days ago his physicians abandoned hepe, but the patient raiied and seemed to improve, till this morning. He lied and seemed to improve, till this morning. He came to Arizona two years ago. Last June he was appointed to effice. He overworked himself at the start. His prostration immediately followed the trial at Prescott of the noted suit of Warner against Wells, involving the valuable Hillside Mine. Judge Truesdale was born in Rock Island, Ill., and was only thirty-seven years old. He was graduated from the lowa State University in 1889, later taking a law course from the same college. His practice was almost solely in Minneapolis. The body will be shipped to-morrow night to Minneapolis for burtal. It will be accompanied by his widow and his brother, General Manager W. H. Truesdale of the Rock Island road.

JAMES E. SIMPSON.

James E. Simpson died on Wednesday in Fall River, Mass. He was widely known on both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of the United States among ship-builders, ship-owners and shipping merchants, as patentee and originator of timber graving docks. Mr. Simpson was born July 13, 1813, and the early part of his life was devoted to the building and repairing of vessels. While so engaged the idea of timber graving docks was conceived by him. and with the courage and energy which characterized the man he carried out successfully the Simpson system of timber drydock construction, which sysem has gained a worldwide reputation. The Atantic coast is dotted with these monuments of his the British possessions northeast of the United States. The United States Government, as well as the Colonial Government of Newfoundland, from time to time commissioned him to build drydocks for public ness.

Mr. Simpson was overtaken by his final illness while on the way to attend the centennial of the man-of-war Constitution at Boston. He was selzed with heart failure in Fail River, and from this attack he died. His interest in the Constitution dated from July, 1834, when he was active in docking the ship at the Charlestown Navy Yard.

Mr. Simpson lived for thirty-six years in Brooklyn, where he will be remembered for strict integrity, kindness of heart, conscientious fuililment of additional and obligations which fell upon him and many kindly traits. A numerous family survives him, all of whom are well known in Brooklyn. His sons are closely identified with the shipping interests of the port of New-York.

PAUL PRYIBIL

Paul Pryibli, a manufacturer of wood-working ma hinery, at No. 512 West Forty-firstst. died at his home, No. 153 West Sixty-fourth-st. on Wednesday. He had been ill for about five eks, pneumonia, complicated with other disor-

Mr. Pryibil was born in Germany sixty-three years ago. He was apprenticed in that country to a machinist, and came to America when a young man, thinking this country a good field for the manufacture of machinery. He settled in New-York about forty years ago. Here he built up a large and flourishing concern, which now employs between 150 and 200 hands. He leaves a widow, three sons and two daughters. The funeral ser-vice will be held at No. 153 West Sixty-fourth-st. on Sunday at 1 p. m. The burial will be in Wood-

DR. W. F. EDWARDS.

Dr. William Fitzhugh Edwards died at the Hotel Endlestt on Wednesday after an illness lasting four end-oft on weinesday are:
weeks. His death was primarily due to pneumonin. Dr. Edwards was the son of the late Dr.
Tyron Edwards. He had made his home in the city
for some time. He leaves a widow. The funera
will be held to-day at noon at No. 122 West Seventy-minth-st.

JAMES N. GRANGER.

James N. Granger, fifty-two years old, a well-known lawyer and a writer on historical and genea-logical subjects, died on Wednesday at the home of his brother, Dr. W. D. Granger, Bronxville, He was born in Providence, R. I., and was the son of the Rev. James W. Granger, for many years pastor of the First Baptist Church of that city. He left Brown University in the late war to become a Heutenant in the 2d Rhode Island Cavairy, and at the end of the war studied law with Senator Davis, of Minnesota, and afterward established an office in He remained there until 1889, when he moved to Buffalo. Mr. Granger had been leading a retired life and devoting his attention to literary pursuits. He married in 1878 the youngest daughter of the late Worthington Smith, president of Vermont University, who survives him. The funeral will be held by the Massachusetts Commandery, Loyal Legion, this afternoon, in Providence.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

YESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO-DAY'S FORECAST. Washington, Oct. 28.—The barometer has risen in the Mississippi Valley and fallen rapidly on the Atlantic coast, and in the extreme Northwest. An area of high pressure covers the Rocky Mountain regions and extends southeastward to Texas. The barometer is lowest over the St. Lawrence Valley, and a second depression is central to the north of Dakoia. It is decidedly cooler in the Mississippi Valley and warmer on the Atlantic coast and Mississippi Valley and warmer on the Atlantic coast and Mississippi Valley and warmer on the Atlantic coast and at Bocky Mountain statione. Light local showers are reported to-night from the lower Mississippi Valley, the Ohio Valley, the lower lake region and New-England. The weather is cloudy on the Atlantic coast as far south as Hatteras and over the Ohio Valley and lower lake region. It is clear from the Mississippi Valley westward to the Rocky Mountains. The indications are that light showers will prevail on the Atlantic coast in the early morning, followed by fair weather Friday and Saturday. The weather will continue generally fair Friday from the lake regions southward to the Gulf States, with cooler northerly winds.

FORECAST IN DETAIL FOR TO-DAY

For New-England, light local showers, followed by clearing weather; cooler; westerly winds. For Eastern New-York, Pennnsylvania and New-Jersey, generally fair during the day; probably light show ers in the early morning; cooler; westerly winds.

HOURS: Morning. Night, 12 2 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 30.5

In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

MARRIED. FISHER-GATCHELL-On October 28, at St. Bartholo-mew's Episcopal Church, Baltimore, by the Rev. Ed-ward Ingie, Ellicott Fisher, of Philadelphia, to Mary Tyler Gatchell, of Baltimore. Tyler Gatchell, of Baltimore.

KALBFLEISCH—KALBFLEISCH—At Babylon. Long Island, on Yednesday, October 27, 1897, by the Rev. Alexis W Stein, ir., of St. George's Church, New-York City Maud, daughter of Franklin H. Kalbfleisch, to Charles C Kalbfleisch, of New-York.

KETCHUM-WILLIS-On Wednesday, October 27, 1897, at Woody Crest, New-York City, by the Rev. Edward B. Coe, D. D., Edith Schuyler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Ketchum, of New-York, to Charles Carmalt Willis, of Philadelphia.

WHIIS, OF Philadelphia.

SUTHERLAND—WILLIAMS—On Wednesday, October 21, 1897, at "Windmere," Allenhurst, N. J., by the Rev. Alexander Sutherland, D. D., of Toronto, Canada, Elizabeth Herbert, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ezekiel C. Williams, to Hugh Brock Sutherland.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be in dorsed with full name and address.

DIED.

INT. ...

CARTER—Suddenly, of apoplexy, Tuesday, October 24, 1897, at her residence, No. 594 Mott-ave., N. Y. S., Lizzle Carter, daughter of Mrs. Emma E. Carter and sister of the late Henry Stuart Carter.

Services at residence, Saturday morning, at 11 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited.

Interment private.

Worcester and Boston (Mass.) papers please copy.

EDWARDS—October 27, 1897, Dr. William Fitzhugh Rdwards, son of the late Tyson Edwards, D. D. Funeral services Friday, October 29, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 122 West 79th-st.

GOODALE—At the residence of his parents, No. 8 West Blackwell-st, Dover N. J., on October 28, 1897, Will-iam B., son of W. H. and S. E. Goodale, at the age of 35 years, of Bright's Sicesse-Funeral services on Saturday, October 20, at 2 o'clock.

HAVILAND In Denver Col., on Tuesday, the 19th inst., Franklin R. Haviland, son of the late Benjamin S.

KERNAN—On Tuesday, October 28, at No. 349 East 124-st., William Francis, son of Annie and the late William Rieman, of New-York.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at St. George's Church, Stuyeesant Square, on Saturday morning, October 30, at 10:30 o'clock.

Saturday morning, October 20, at 19:30 o'clock.

Company H, 7th Regiment N, G, N, Y, Armory, 67th st, and Park-ave., New York, October 27, 1891.—The death of our comande, Private William F, Kiernan, at his residence. Tuesday, October 28, 18 announced with profound regret. Members are requested to attend the funeral services at St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, Saturday, October 30, 1897, at 10:30 a. M. T. Captain Company H, 7th Regiment, N, G, N, T, JAMES WOTHERSFOON, First Sergeant.

MILNE—On Weinesday, October 27, 1897, Mary D. Milne, wife of the late George P. Milne. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

PRYIBIL—On Weinesday, October 27, Paul Pryibil, in the 63d year of his age, Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services at his late residence. No. 153 West 64th-st., on Sunday, October 31, at 1 o'clock p. m. Special train to Woodlawn Cemetery leaves Grand Central Depot, Harlem Division, at 2:10 p. m. Please omit flowers.

RICHARDS—At Filzabeth, N, J., October 28, Samuel R.

Please omit flowers.

RICHARDS—At Flizabeth, N. J., October 28, Samuel R., Richards, aged 70 years.

Flichards, aged 70 years.

Funeral from the residence of his son, Charles E., Richards, No. 916 North Broad-st., Elizabeth, Saturday, October 30.

Interment at Scotch Flains, N. J., ROGERS—Mary Anne, widow of William Rogers, aged 76 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Friday evening, October 29, at 8 o'clock, at the residence of her son-in-law, H. C., Searing, No. 103 East 127th-st.

SMITH—At Elizabeth, N. J., October 27, Thomas Alex-

at the residence of her son-in-law, H. C. Searing, No. 103 East 127th-st.

SMITH—At Elizabeth, N. J., October 27, Thomas Alexander Smith, aged 75 years.

Funeral services at his late residence, No. 520 Jefferson-ave, on Friday, October 29, at 2.30 p. m.

SUYDAM—On Wednesday, October 27, Mrs. Adeline Suydam in the 97th year of her age.

Funeral services at her late residence, No. 248 Park Placa, Brooklyn, on Friday morning, October 20, at 9:30,

WAY—Suddenly, October 26, 1897, at his residence, Tomkers, N. Y. George P. Way.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Saturday, October 30, at 3 p. m., at the residence of his brother-in-law, William J. Dennero, No. 2:026 Green-st., Philadelphia.

Interment private.

WHITNEY—Suddenly, October 28, at his residence, No.

WHITNEY—Suddenly, October 28, at his residence, No. 138 Second Place, Brooklyn, James W. Whitney. Interment Le Roy, N. 1. Funeral private. Funeral privates WHLPONSON—Suddenly, at Paris, France, on Tuesday, October 28, 1897, Emilie Arnoult, widow of George Wilcoxson, of Nyack, N. Y., and youngest daughter of the late Don Alonzo Cushman, of New-York.

KANE LODGE, NO. 454, F. AND A. M. Folsa.m.—Heethren: You are beedy summoned to attend an emergent communication of the Lodge, to be held at No. 200 West 130th-st. Saturday, October 30, 1807, at 3 october, m. Masonic service over remains of our late Brother, Mancella Folsom, John Wolfcott Sisson, HENRY W. PENOYAR, Secretary.

Woodlawn Cemetery. Office, No. 20 E. 23d-st. Woodlawn Station (24th Ward), Harlem Railroad.

Snerial Notices.

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TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

SATURDAY—At 5:30 a m. for Europe, per s. s. "Lacania, via Queenstown (letters for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt and British India must be directed "per Lucania"); at 7 a. m. for France, Switz-rland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt and British India, per s. s. La Champagne, via Havre (letters for other parts of Europe must be directed "per La Champagne"); at 8 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per s. s. Veendam'; at 8 a. m. for Genna, per s. s. Fulda (letters must be directed "per Veendam'); at 8 a. m. for Fulda''); at 11 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. s. Island (letters must be directed "per Usiand").

PRINTED MATTER, ETC.—German steamers salling on Tuesdays take Printed Matter, etc., for Germany, and Spicially Addressed Printed Matter, etc., for other parts of Europe. American and White Star steamers on Westersdays, German steamers on Thursdays and Cunard, French and German steamers on Saturdays take Printed Matter, etc., for all countries for which they are adver-tised to carry mail.

After the closing of the Supplementary Transatiantie Mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French and German steamers, and remain open until within Ten Minutes of the hour of salling of steamer.

and German steamers, and remain open until within Ten Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

WEST INDIES, ETC.

FRIDAY—At 230 a. m. for Newfoundland, per s. s. Corean, from Philadelphia, at 3 p. m. for Inagua. Port de Paix, Goraives, Aux Cayes, St. Marc. Jeremie and Pott Goave, per s. s. Schleswig.

SATURDAY—A: 930 a. m. (supplementary 10 a. m.) for St. Thomas, St. Croix, Leeward and Windward Islanda, per s. s. Caribbee, at 10 a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m.) for Fortune Island. Jamaica, Savanilla and Carthagena, per s. f. Alleghany (Stetters for Costa Ricamust be directed a. m.) for Halti, per s. s. Andes; at 10 a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m.) for Central America (except Costa Rica) and South Pacific ports, per s. finance, via Chono—"; st 10:30 a. m. for Central America (except Costa Rica) and South Pacific ports, per s. finance, via Chono—"; st 10:30 a. m. for Campeche, Chiapas, Tabasayo and Yucatan, per s. s. Mexico (and for Cuba must be directed "per Finance"); at 10:30 a. m. for Inagua and Haiti, per s. s. Awakhee; it 5:30 p. m. for Inagua and Haiti, per s. s. Awakhee; st 5:30 p. m. for Inagua and Haiti, per s. s. Awakhee; and South Specific ports, per seamer from North Sydney.

for Inagua and Halti, per R. S. Navanes, 18.39 p. m. for St. Pierre-Mouleon, per steamer from North Sydney.

Mails for Newfoundland, oy rail to Halifax, and thence by steame, close at this office daily at 8.30 p. m. Mails for Mouleolon, by rail to Boston and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8.30 p. m. Mails for Cuba this office daily at 7 a. m. for forwarding by close at this office daily at 7 a. m. for forwarding by close at this office daily at 7 a. m. for forwarding by close the state of the state of

(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.)

Foreign mails for the week ending October 30, 1897, will close promptly in all cases) at the General Postofice as follows: Parcels Post Mails close one hour earlier than closing time shown below. TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.